

The Middletown Transcript

VOL. XL. NO. 31

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1907.

PRICE THREE CENTS

LOCAL OPTION IN CAROLINE AND TALBOT COUNTIES

Published by Authority of The
Executive Committee of
The Anti-Licence State
Campaign Committee.

A flying visit to Caroline County, Md., cannot fail to impress one favorably with the advantages of local option, while an investigation into the conditions must convince the most prejudiced rum advocate of its desirability from both a moral and an economic standpoint. I have closely observed and thoroughly investigated the conditions there, and to that end, have interviewed professional and business men, the most prominent in the community. In doing so, I have not sought out what are called "Temperance Men," those who are opposed to the sale of liquor under any and all circumstances, but men who are in favor of the abolishment of the saloon and bar room because the traffic in rum is a detriment to business, and to the general prosperity of the community.

DENTON

Denton, the county seat of Caroline County, has, during the past ten years, been enjoying an almost unprecedented business boom. It has progressed far more rapidly in that time than has any town in the State of Delaware. There is a spirit of thrift there, which extends throughout the whole county. Block after block of imposing business houses have been erected, and scores of handsome residences as any town can boast.

The hotel, and an excellent one it is, does a thriving business. It was full of guests, indeed, I had to wait on a departing guest before I could be accommodated with a room. The table was all that could be desired, and so was the service. The number of new arrivals during one day I spent there was twenty-nine. This hotel rents for \$700 or \$800, and the land lord is making money. Why, of course he is, and so have other men in this same home. I remember that years ago, long before Denton had the semblance of a boom, John H. Van Geel came here from Harrington, with but little means, opened this hotel, and retired from business several years after, the possessor of a sum of money made within its doors. No better proof is needed that a good hotel can be run profitably without selling rum.

INTERVIEW WITH J. L. EVERGREEN
HAM
"This is the store of one of the most successful merchants I ever knew," said a citizen of Denton, as we passed in front of a large dry goods store. "This man is J. L. Evergreen," said he, "who came to this town eight years ago, and began business on a capital of less than a thousand dollars. To-day he carries a stock worth \$25,000, and owns a bank account that will easily cost \$40,000. Come inside, and let's have a talk with him."

After a formal introduction, I told him I was trying to ascertain some facts as to how local option affected business in Denton.
"Ah," said he, "local option is the business man's friend. Experience has taught me that the hardest man to compete with is the rum-seller. Where rum is sold men will drink, and while the wages of the workmen are dropping dime by dime into the rum-seller's till, I am forced to trust him for the necessities of life, and too often am never paid. Local Option has proved a great blessing to Caroline County. I attribute to it whatever success in business I have had. If I were to start in business again, I would begin in a dry town, never in a wet one. Give me a dry town every time to do business in."

J. H. NICHOLS SAYS LOCAL OPTION MEANS PROSPERITY
I dropped into the business stores of J. H. Nichols & Son, in the Center Block, a row of fine stores lately built. I said, "Mr. Nichols, I am endeavoring to gather a few facts about the working of local option, to present to the people of Delaware. I would like to know how much you think your business suffers because of local option."
"Suffer!" he said, with a smile. "Why, local option is the reason for its thrift. I am doing a splendid business, but I say to you frankly that if saloons were opened here, I would close out my business, and move to a town where there is local option. People who waste their money for drink cannot pay much for their families. In my opinion a man in public business who would vote to have liquor sold in his community is simply helping to cripple his own business. You try it once in Delaware, and you will never want to go back to license. If it were submitted to the people of Caroline County to-day fully 90 per cent. would vote dry."

WHAT MR. NUTTLE THINKS ABOUT IT
Four men were engaged in waiting upon customers when I entered the large store of the Nuttle Hardware Company. Shaking hands with Mr. Nuttle, I said, "You seem to be doing a little business here." "Yes," said he, "I am, but I am not doing much business." "Why, what is the reason for this?" "Well, I am doing a splendid business, but I say to you frankly that if saloons were opened here, I would close out my business, and move to a town where there is local option. People who waste their money for drink cannot pay much for their families. In my opinion a man in public business who would vote to have liquor sold in his community is simply helping to cripple his own business. You try it once in Delaware, and you will never want to go back to license. If it were submitted to the people of Caroline County to-day fully 90 per cent. would vote dry."

MR. GOLDENBROUGH'S VIEWS
I had a very pleasant interview with T. Alan Goldenbrough, the present State Attorney. He talked to me very entertainingly about Caroline County's healthy financial condition, its freedom from crime, the morality of its youth, the substantial footing of its business men and farmers, the easy burden of its income indebtedness.
"Yes," said he, "we are in a most prosperous condition, and in my opinion the prosperity is largely due to local option. Why, you take the running expenses of this county, and they are nothing compared with that of any county. The criminal justice of Caroline County is a thing of no importance. Assault and battery, disorderly conduct, and the like resulting from indulgence in strong drink, have no place on our Court Calendar. From a business standpoint, if from no other, I should be in favor of local option."

FRED R. OWENS SAYS PROHIBITION MEANS PROSPERITY
Fred R. Owens, a well known attorney, rose from his table, as I entered his office, and greeted me cordially. When I stated the purpose of my call, his face lighted up, and he said, with enthusiasm, "Local option is all right. Prohibition means prosperity. I point you to Caroline County with pride. Our people were never so prosperous as at the present time. In the last ten years property in this county has doubled in value. There is no county in Maryland freer from indebtedness than this. The people are sober and industrious, and the reason is because there are no saloons and bar rooms. Why, sir, a drunken man is a curiosity in Denton, and we wonder where he comes from. He does not belong here."

"Of course, there may be private dram drinking here and there. No law can prevent that. But there are no more among the lower classes, but I have seen more drunkenness in one Delaware town, on a Saturday night, than can be seen in the whole county of Caroline in a month. The criminal expenses of the county are very slight, and those resulting from the use of liquor hardly worth considering. I say to you, without hesitation, that a dry community is more desirable as a place of residence, and more satisfactory to do business in than a wet one."

was never so prosperous as it is to-day. Everybody is easy. The burden of public and private debt is light. There are no failures in business, no drunkards on our streets, no loafers on our corners. The moral tone of the town is high. The people of Caroline would never go back to the license system. They know a good thing when they see it."

MR. BATES STEPHENS SAYS LOCAL OPTION HAS MADE THE EASTERN SHORE PROSPEROUS
There is no man better known throughout Maryland than M. Bates Stephens, the State Superintendent of Schools. I found him in his snug apartment in Denton, coast off, and hard at work getting ready for the opening of the schools in the fall.

I said, "Mr. Stephens, I would like you to tell me something about the advantages of local option in Maryland." "Well," said he, "I am not a lawyer, but I am a citizen, and I am in a position to know. I have seen the results of local option in Maryland, and I can tell you that it is a great blessing to the State. It has made the Eastern Shore prosperous, and it has made the State a better place in which to live. I have seen the results of local option in Maryland, and I can tell you that it is a great blessing to the State. It has made the Eastern Shore prosperous, and it has made the State a better place in which to live."

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Conditions began at once to grow better, until to-day the Chapel district is the most prosperous of them all. The Germans from Minnesota, are moving in there by the score, and now there is quite a settlement of them there, and they are doing well. You know Germans will not settle where beer is not sold either.

MR. COOPER SAYS LOCAL OPTION
Harvey L. Cooper, a successful lawyer and President of the Denton National Bank spoke in the strongest terms of the benefits derived from the operation of the local option law.

Said he, "I have never known business interests to suffer under local option, and on the other hand, my observation and experience is that all economic conditions are immeasurably improved by it. In my own county I know full well that our financial institutions are on a safe and solid basis, that business, along all lines of trade, has increased remarkably in the last ten years, and that a spirit of thrift pervades the whole community."

MR. TOWERS SPEAKS PLAINLY
There is no more popular or progressive young lawyer on the Eastern Shore of Maryland than former State Attorney Albert G. Towers. No one is more alive to the conditions with which he is surrounded, or more alert to the interests of the people. When I told him that my visit to Denton was to look into the advantages or disadvantages of local option, he exclaimed, "Does any well-informed man doubt its advantages?"

"There never has been a period in the history of our county when we were as prosperous as we are to-day. The taxable basis of Denton has advanced about, let me see—Here he called his clerk and sent over to the Court House to ascertain the exact figures. When the clerk returned, Mr. Towers looked at the figures, and resumed, "The taxable basis of the town of Denton has advanced about \$200,000 in the last five years; the taxable basis of the county has advanced about \$2,000,000 in the last ten years."

"Look at our farmers, they are all thriving. Take our merchants—why, I can put my finger on several merchants who came to this town a few years ago, with hardly enough capital to start a small business, and to-day they are all well-to-do, some of them rich. The criminal list is exceedingly small, and there is very little pauperism. There is practically no drunkenness, and our youth is growing up without the temptation of the saloon. We have been under local option for twenty years. I can judge whether it has been advantageous or not."

WM. H. ANDERSON EXPRESSES HIMSELF IN FAVOR OF LOCAL OPTION
William H. Anderson, a prominent business man of Denton, said in a talk about Local Option, "It is an excellent law in every respect. Our town is orderly and free from drunkenness. Our boys are growing up without the temptation to drink. It is a very rare thing to hear of a drunkard here. The speak-easy is over-estimated, anyhow. Whenever a speak-easy may spring up, it is easily crushed out. Besides, it only temporarily affects the very lowest class of citizens. It does not appeal for an instant to the decent citizen, or the respectable youth. Local Option has caused society here to put its ban upon drinking, and the young man who drinks does so at the price of his respectability."

"Your speak-easy is a coward that shrinks from public gaze, and no respectable person is going to steal up a dark alley, and into an obscure room, at the risk of public exposure, just to get a drink of common whiskey."

"Business of every kind is in a flourishing condition, and the whole county is enjoying a wholesome prosperity."

TAX RATE IN CAROLINE
The tax rate over there is \$1.04. That would seem at a mere glance to be rather high, but when you come to look into it it will not appear so. Let us see. They have not changed the assessment in Caroline County in fifteen years. During that time, under local option, the assessable property has increased more than \$2,000,000. If a new and proper assessment should be made to-day, the tax rate would not exceed sixty cents. This is practically what they are now paying and this includes school as well as all other taxes, while in Delaware school taxes are separate.

TALBOT COUNTY
MAJOR STEWART THINKS LOCAL OPTION A BLESSING
At Easton, I called upon that fine old Maryland gentleman, Major William E. Stewart. Major Stewart is one of the finest lawyers on the Eastern Shore, an orator of marked ability, an old Confederate soldier, and for years State Attorney.

In reply to my inquiry, he said, "Talbot County was never in such a prosperous condition as it is to-day. It is only my opinion, but that of every intelligent citizen of the county, that in the interest of business, as well as the morality of the people, the local option law is the best law that was ever passed in the State of Maryland. Say what they please, Local Option does reform a community—prohibition does not. Why, sir, there was a time when Easton was notorious for drunkenness. To-day there are no drunken men on our streets, and no excessive drinking among the people. When I was State Attorney I drove the speak-easy out of Talbot County and broke up the drinking clubs."

"Let me cite you one instance of what Local Option will do," said he. "The Chapel district was the last among us to go dry, and in its wet days, was the most unthrifty of us all. From a business standpoint, it was lifeless. The farmer was poor and thriftless; the merchant did a poor business, and affairs generally were at a low ebb there."

"In 1900, the Chapel went dry, and immediately there came a turn of the tide. Conditions began at once to grow better, until to-day the Chapel district is the most prosperous of them all. The Germans from Minnesota, are moving in there by the score, and now there is quite a settlement of them there, and they are doing well. You know Germans will not settle where beer is not sold either."

"By abolishing the saloon and drinking place, we have removed the great bulk of crime in our midst, and consequently lowered the expenses of our county to a wonderful degree."

"Why, sir, I am sure you could not get a respectable citizen in Talbot County to announce himself in favor of rum. And this I will tell you for a fact, that there is not a man in the county that could be nominated for any office, by either party, if he should announce himself in favor of liquor."

"Only the other day, I was talking to Col. Lloyd, one of the best citizens any community can boast of, as you know, and he said to me, 'Major, you remember how violently I opposed Local Option years ago? Well, sir, I have lived to see the great mistake I then made. Local Option has done more for our people than any law on the statute books!'"

"I hope you will win out in Delaware next fall, and I believe you will. The tide of public sentiment is sweeping headlong that way, and it is not much use for a gang of rum-sellers to get in the way."

"In summing the whole thing up," said he, "I would say that Local Option is the greatest blessing that ever came to Talbot County."

MR. TUTHILL COMPARES CONDITIONS
Mr. Tuthill, of N. Tuthill & Son, a resident of Easton, said in conversation, "I remember Easton in the days when liquor was sold here, and I almost blush to think of them. The streets of Easton, on Tuesday and Saturday nights in those days, were not fit for respectable people to be abroad upon, indeed, the ladies of the town were forced to avoid them. Drunkenness, profanity, indecency ran riot. Now a drunken man on our streets would create surprise, and attract attention."

"In the old days when a show came to town, it meant a day of general drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Now mark the change under Local Option. Two years ago, Wild West Show came here, and showed on a lot just below my store. The town was over run with people and they had to pass my store in going and coming from the show. I determined to closely observe the crowd. All day long, I watched it, and I say to you that I did not see a single person under the influence of liquor. The same thing occurred when a circus came here two or three weeks ago—a marked absence of drunkenness."

"Business is better in Easton than it ever was. The farmer is far more prosperous, the county is in better condition. Men have got more money and less debt than they ever had."

"Oh, yes, Local Option has been a great thing for Talbot County, and 90 per cent. of our people will tell you so. I hope it will win in Delaware next fall."

I asked the landlord, Mr. Norris, of the Hotel Avon, what he thought of Local Option. He said to me that he would not have a license if it were offered to him. He gets a better class of trade, and his home is filled all the time. On the evening I arrived there, he could not accommodate his guests. So many were there that he was forced to procure rooms for them outside the hotel. This, he told me, was a common occurrence. The Avon is a commodious hotel, and the table and service are superb.

WANT TO ORGANIZE BOARD
The Wilmington Board of Trade Leads Movement
The furtherance of a project to form a Peninsula Board of Trade is receiving consideration at the hands of the Wilmington Board of Trade, to comprise the boards of all cities and towns on this peninsula. The idea is to have the Peninsula Board of Trade formed and operated on the same lines as those followed by the National Board of Trade. There would be a central body composed of the representatives from the various trade boards in the towns throughout the peninsula, a certain membership entitling each organization to so many representatives in the main body.

It would be the duty of this organization to take up for consideration all matters pertaining to the business life of each of the towns represented. The fact that immigrants are wanted in the lower part of this State would be a very important consideration for the central body. Such matters as this would be directly in their line. It is asserted that a move is a good time to begin such a project. The main body has met with such favor that R. J. Maclean, president of the Wilmington Board of Trade, has been empowered to appoint a special committee for the purpose of looking into the project to learn how the people of the peninsula towns feel towards it and what would be the best plan to follow in carrying out the undertaking.

APPLE CROP SHORT
There is a shortage in the fall apple crop throughout the United States. The crop of the west is far behind last season. New York State, the finest apple-growing section, is 65 to 70 per cent. short. Delaware is also very short, while there is only about half a crop in Maryland and Virginia. The shortage in the crop is due to the unfavorable weather during the early spring. During March there was extremely warm weather, which caused the sap to rise in the trees. Then frost and ice, and in some sections of the country extreme cold. The result was that the fruit was injured and the supply of apples will be short.

STORY OF TWO DUELS
A Sword Thrust, a Bullet Wound and an Extraordinary Sequel
When dueling was an actual factor in the social order of this country it had many worth and notable exponents, including no less distinguished personages than Henry Clay, Andrew Jackson, Alexander Hamilton, De Witt Clinton, Stephen Decatur and others of the same type, but nowhere on this continent was it so much an established institution as in that peculiarly romantic old city of New Orleans. It was woven into the very fabric of the life of the community, and many a crumbling tombstone in the antiquated creole cemeteries bears grim and silent witness to the fact, though to understand the situation more clearly one should breathe, so to speak, the atmosphere of the period.

Mr. Augustin, who afterward became a district judge and general of the Louisiana legion, was the victor in several encounters in which the temper of the period caused him to be engaged. One in particular is noteworthy on account of the part it played in an extraordinary freak of fortune. Alexander Graille was the offending party, though the insult, or rather, provocation, for gentlemen seldom insulted, would in this day be of scant concern. But some cause of action was present, and such was sure that a deadly meeting would certainly follow. They rode together in a carriage with ladies, who, after the duel, commented on their mutual affability during the entire trip, which only served to show how delicately adjusted was the code of etiquette, especially in the presence of ladies.

They fought at The Oaks, and as soon as the weapons had been crossed and the impressive "Allez, messieurs," pronounced Graille, who was light strung and hot blooded, doubly so under the stress of what he regarded as a grievous provocation—lost his temper and furiously charged his antagonist, Augustin, on the contrary, was cool, collected and agile, parrying each savage thrust until by a tempe d'arret (sudden pause), judiciously interpolated into a vicious lunge of Graille's, he pierced him through the chest. Graille, with one of his lungs perforated, remained for a long time hovering between life and death, and when at last he did come out of his room he was bowed like an octogenarian.

It was now only a question of time for the wounded man, as an internal abscess had formed where it could not be reached—surgery than was not what it is now—and the doctors despaired of saving him. Some time after he had been up and about a quarrel with Colonel de Marigny resulted in his challenging that distinguished citizen. This duel was also fought at The Oaks, but as Graille was too weak to do himself justice with a sword he chose pistols, at fifteen paces, each to have two shots, advance five paces and fire at will. At the first shot, fired simultaneously, the unfortunate man fell forward, pierced by his adversary's bullet, which had entered the exact place of his former and yet unhealed wound. Marigny, with pistol in hand and as placid as a marble statue, advanced to the utmost limit marked out, when Graille, who was suffering greatly, exclaimed: "Fire again. You have another shot."

With grave dignity Marigny raised his pistol above his head and fired into the air, saying with frigid politeness, "I never expect a fallen foe."

More dead than alive, the stricken duelist was carried home by his friends and consigned to the care of his physicians; but, instead of sinking rapidly, as was expected, he really began to mend and by the following morning was much improved. The ball had penetrated to the abscess which had threatened his life and caused an exit for his poisonous accumulations. Some time afterward he walked out of his room as erect as ever and soon regained his health and stately bearing.—Century Magazine.

It is a matter of economy, as well as mercy, to properly mate horses that have to work side by side through the sieve of hard work during the year. While two horses may be about the same size and appearance in their general make-up, one may not be able to do near the amount of work without injury that the other can with ease. Every farmer should know enough about his horses to learn how to avoid this trouble, if possible, by placing horses of equal endurance in the same team, or by equalizing their labor in some way in which they are to draw. This may be done by giving the weaker horse the advantage of the long ends of the double tree, or some other way that may be devised by those having the matter in charge.

Orchardists in Tasmania are subject to a fine from \$2.50 to \$5, with costs, if they fail to handage their trees to keep down the codling moth, or if they fail to gather or destroy any infested fruit. Wormy apples sent to market are liable to confiscation and destruction, and the shipper to be prosecuted. In New South Wales all infested fruit coming from other colonies may be seized or destroyed, or returned to the shipper at his own expense. Fruit growers are generally assisting the Government in enforcing these laws. Similar laws in this country for a few years would be a benefit to many parties, but would be a benefit to fruit growers and to the country if they were strictly enforced.

It is a common fault with many amateur gardeners that they attempt to raise too many kinds of ornamental plants. They are attracted by the pleasing description in seed catalogues, and order 15 or 20 species of plants which they have never tried before. They are almost sure to be disappointed in a good part of them from their lack of time and knowledge in managing them. To get the most enjoyment from flowers they should give as little anxiety as possible. It is wiser to grow a dozen different kinds. Try only two or three new sorts each year, and get well acquainted with them before trying others.

The time to determine which sheep to keep is during shearing; then the owner, by directing and overseeing operations, can cause to be marked such as are light shearers, aged sheep, in poor condition, with out lambs, etc., and in the ordinary flock, allowing that one-third may be sold, it is more than probable that the value of the two-thirds remaining, the flock to be kept, will bring as good an income and be in reality, worth as much as if the inferior sheep remain to lower the standard of the lot.

As soon as the pigs begin to seek their feed, at any age, they should be taught to drink, good milk should be given them in a trough by themselves, with warm quarters, and with a plentiful supply of milk, thickened with middlings and meat they should make delicious young pork at five months old, weighing from 80 to 100 pounds or more, and should bring prices that will pay a good profit to the grower.

Farmers are frequently offered disease proof plants and trees, so-called, but it may be safely said that no variety of pear apple, peach, gooseberry, cherry or other fruit is exempt from diseases peculiar to its species. Some varieties may not be so susceptible to disease as others, but if within range of diseases they will surely be attacked.

Every farmer should have a few sheep, in order to save much of the material grown that may be wasted. Sheep will eat a great many plants which cattle reject, and they graze closer to the ground. Young and tender weeds are delicious to sheep, and they therefore, assist in ridding the field of such pests. A small flock of mutton sheep should be kept, if for no other purpose than to supply the family with choice meat.

Improved stock leads to better care, as a rule. This is the benefit of pure blood combined with the best management and keeping that makes the most successful and profitable results on the farm. The farmer who undertakes to make the farm pay without good stock and good care—and, it may be added, good treatment—his spending his life in getting experience which is essential to success, while the more progressive farmers go straight to prosperity with these important requisites.

The flowing away from the manure heap of the rich, black liquids that the rains wash down is the deprivation of the most valuable elements that exist in the manure heap. It is the jugular vein which once severed, soon destroys the body. When the liquids begin to accumulate close to them with an embankment, or construct a tank for their reception. Pump or bail them upon the solid portion, and if necessary, turn over the whole mass and saturate it. True economy, however suggests that manure be sheltered from exposure.

A farmer who has tried several modes of destroying cut worms finds that an excellent method is to use a stick three feet long and one and one-fourth inches in diameter, sharpened at one end, with which to dig under the worms and push them into the ground near each plant. The cut worm is sluggish and falls into the hole, from which it cannot easily escape.

If the cows are to be kept in full flow of milk they should be kept on the best of food, with a small allowance of coarse provender; but for dry cows, oxen, sheep or goats that require food only for the support of their bodies the coarse foods should compose a large portion of the ration. Animals that are used for breeding purposes need not be very fat, and with good shelter and a fair allowance of grain the straw and fodder may be used with the hay. It is not suggested that hay be discarded, nor are straw and fodder proposed as regular foods, but rather to urge that it is economical and profitable to put such foods to better use than is usual on farms, and to aim to derive a profit from that which is sometimes wasted.

RECORD YIELD OF TOMATOES
Whole State Rejoicing in a Crop That Brings Big Returns
With the prospect of the crop bringing \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 into Delaware and the surrounding counties, the tomato crop is just now causing much gratification throughout the agricultural communities. With continued good weather the tomato crop this year will be the largest ever grown on the peninsula, and particularly in Delaware. This, with the constantly increasing demand for conserves, makes the outlook most alluring, although the work of marketing such a big crop will be most arduous. Help will be scarce and the farmers and farm-owners themselves will have to engage in picking tomatoes in the hot sun.

There has been a big increase in the acreage this season and in this State as well as in Maryland and New Jersey, the other banner tomato-growing States, every available plot of ground not producing wheat or fruit has been sown in tomatoes in many districts for the more profitable vegetable. The increase in acreage amounts to between 15 and 25 per centum in Delaware and Maryland. Thousands of men, women and children will be engaged in picking, peeling and packing the tomatoes. Inventors have been kept busy trying to devise some machine which will pare or "peel" the tomatoes, a work which requires hundreds of hands and retards the packing business, but while two machines have actually been produced to "peel" tomatoes, it is said that the Delaware packer cannot find them satisfactory.

There is a movement to can the tomatoes with skins on by simply cutting them in half, the sterilizing process preserving the skins as well as the tomato and the contact with so many hands being thus avoided, but it is not known how the public will receive this innovation and the packers are, therefore, hesitating about adopting it, even though greater sanitary and safer results can be obtained.

During the cold days of May and June the whole tomato crop and business was in jeopardy in Delaware. Damage was daily done to the early vines, but the plucky farmers replanted and tried again. It was early enough to "catch" the crop.

JURY PANEL FOR SEPTEMBER
The first petit jury panel for service at the September term of court, beginning September 16th, was drawn Monday morning by Jury Commissioners Cooch and Thompson, as follows:
First Representative District—Robert Simms, Dennis Kane, J. P. Ford, William J. Burton.
Second Representative District—James C. O'Neal, Charles A. Rudolph, William Springer, John T. Guyer.
Third Representative District—Benjamin T. Gause, William J. Gibbons, Samuel J. Newman, James J. Monaghan.
Fourth Representative District—John C. Brison, Henry C. Stradley, Edwin A. Parker, Coleman B. Harris.
Fifth Representative District—Harry E. Bucher, James G. Griffin, Allen G. Thorp, Jr., Charles F. Bonney.
Sixth Representative District—Elihu D. Talley, Samuel N. Trump.
Seventh District—Frank J. G. Hobson, Ernest duPont.
Eighth District—Robinson Lynam, Jeremiah Monaghan.
Ninth District—Charles H. Cannon, John W. Chambers.
Tenth District—Edward McAllister, G. W. Vantyne.
Eleventh District—Harry W. Davis, Charles Walton.
Twelfth District—William C. L. Caruag, Charles Enos.
Thirteenth District—Robert E. Carpenter, Nathaniel J. Williams.
Fourteenth District—Horace I. Harman, Cornelius W. Davis.
Fifteenth District—Thomas Jones, Charles Beith.

HOW RURAL DELIVERY GROWS
The report on the operations of the rural delivery service up to July 1, made public on Thursday of last week by the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, shows that the total number of petitions referred up to that date was 54,378 and the total number of adverse reports 14,842.

On July 1 there were 37,770 routes in operation, served by 37,621 regular carriers. All of these routes have daily service except 695, upon which tri-weekly service is maintained. At the close of the fiscal year 1906 there were 35,766 routes in operation, served by 35,766 carriers. There was a large reduction in the number of petitions pending for the service, 3,099 of which were on hand June 30th, 1906, while at the beginning of the present fiscal year there were but 1,177 petitions enacted upon. During the past fiscal year there were 362 routes discontinued, as compared with 120 the year before, but most of the discontinuances were the result of rearrangements of service, the patrons being taken care of upon other routes.

BETTER PAY CAPITATION TAX
Since 1897 there has been on the statute books of the State a law providing for the payment of a 25 cent capitation tax annually by all non-property owners in the county. Up until this time the law has been ignored, but from now on the statute will cease to be a dead letter. County Treasurer Burns got busy Saturday morning for the first time in behalf of the law, and caused the arrest of a young man, who however, refused to pay the tax, and all Sheriff Stafford threatened to place the man in the custody of the warden of the county workhouse as is provided by the law.

County Treasurer Burns says the county has lost considerable money because of its laxity in the particular, but from this time on all non-property holders will be compelled to pay the tax. Under the law Mr. Burns has the authority to attach the wages of every man who ignores the law and this method will be one of those Mr. Burns will adopt to enforce the payment of the tax.

USEFUL THINGS TO KNOW
A carpet that is badly faded and hardly fit for use may be utilized in the following manner: Remove all the dust and tack it off the floor wrong side up and paint it. The first coat of paint should be quite thick and it is better to use the yellow ochre for first coating. The next two coats may be of

The Middletown Transcript

Mails Close as Follows:
Going North—7:20 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m., 6:45 p. m. and 8 p. m.
Going South—7:30 a. m., 4:15 p. m., and 8 p. m.
For Odessa—7:30 a. m., 8:30 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 4:15 p. m., and 8 p. m.
For Warwick, Cecilton and Barville 8:30 a. m. and 4:45 p. m.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., AUGUST 3, 1907.

Local News

HORSE SHOEING—Plain 75c cash. Satisfaction guaranteed. J. C. GREENE.

FOR SALE—25,000 Celery Plants now ready. C. R. CLAYTON.

After June 1st the Library hours will be: Tuesdays, 7 to 8:30; Saturdays, 3 to 5 and 7 to 8:30.

Gold Crowns, Bridges and Platework made in my own laboratory. Dr. Johnson.

Houses and all kind of Buildings moved on short notice at reasonable prices. Z. T. BARNES.

Services will be held during the month of August in Drawers Presbyterian Church, Odessa.

E. H. Beck Real Estate Broker has sold the dwelling belonging to Miss Anna McClees, of Odessa to O. C. Stevens for \$2,100.

LOST—Ladies gold watch, suitable reward if returned to LEE'S PHARMACY.

Up-to-date dental work at moderate cost. Dr. Johnson, Middletown.

Messrs. Lynam and Smith have sold the McQuinn Creamery to the Odessa Creamery Co.

The St. Georges Creamery has discontinued business. The farmers in that section are shipping their milk to Wilmington.

Sheets of best muslin worth 85c, now 50c; pillow cases worth 15c, now 2 for 25c. A. FOGEL.

Let us do your printing, no matter how small the order, and give us a chance to prove how well we can do it.

Best cotton, 5 cents a spool. Dishes of all kinds at special low prices. This is the store to find bargains.

Mrs. G. W. PETERSON.

WANTED—A good white woman to take charge of house. Must come well recommended. Apply to THIS OFFICE.

Wide-awake and no pain—either in extracting or filling teeth. Dr. Johnson.

St. Anne's Episcopal Church, Sunday, August 4th. Morning, Prayer and Holy Communion at 10:30. Evening, Prayer at 7:30. Wednesday evening service at 7:30.

Columbia Disc and Cylinder Records for the month of July will be on sale Thursday, June 27th, at W. S. Letherbury's. Call and hear them played on the graphophone.

WANTED—Ambitious worker your section to represent large factory. Salary \$15 weekly. Good opportunity for advancement. United Mfg. Co., 1033 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Some new bargains just come in today, will mention a few of the great values. Children's dresses worth \$2.50 now \$1.25. Women's white and black silk and hose goods worth \$1.00, now 50c. Waists worth \$1.00, now 48c. A. FOGEL.

Unclaimed Letters—The following list of letters remain unclaimed in the post office for the week ending July 20th: Annie Blackson (Dead Letter), Mrs. Clara Gilman, Miss Lillie Hines, Miss Mary Johnson, Miss Renis Vigore, Mary Wilson, Mr. Ford Coal.

The ball game on Thursday afternoon between the regular team and the Benedicts, was witnessed by a large crowd, and at times it was interesting. The regulars won out by the score of 12 to 6, and there is some talk of having another game in the near future.

It is announced that the tomato crop on the peninsula this year will net the growers about \$3,000,000, a fact that is causing much gratification. With continued good weather the tomato yield this season will be the largest ever grown on the peninsula and particularly in Delaware.

It is now legal to write on both sides of postal cards, whether regular or private, providing the face of the card is divided by a vertical line approximately one-third of the distance from the left end of the card, leaving two-thirds of the front clear for the address. Advertising may also appear instead of writing on the left third of the front. This order originated from the practice of sending picture cards on which no clear space for writing appears on the back. The new post cards have been placed on sale. They bear the portrait of William McKinley, but the eagle has been dropped.

The big Belgian station, which a company purchased last spring for \$3,000 and formed a stock company known as "The Belgian Station Company," composed of 20 or 25 of our prominent farmers, died early Wednesday morning from inflammation of the bowels. Dr. Frank Gardner, of Smyrna, and Dr. McDowell, of Middletown, two of our best known veterinarians, were with the horse all night, but their efforts availed nothing. There is much disappointment over the affair and the loss will fall heavily on the stockholders, who were hoping to realize handsomely on their investment. The horse was in charge of Daniel Thompson, on the Hudson farm, between Smyrna and Clayton, and had only been sick two days.—Smyrna Times.

BIG PENINSULA RETURNS

Whole trainloads of southern vegetables pass through Middletown daily. Shipment of large quantities of Irish potatoes from the Virginia eastern shore still continues. The Produce Exchange at Onancock, Va., on Monday handled 104 cars of 200 barrels each. This, with the private consignments from the steamboat wharves, will make the city's aggregate at least 45,000 barrels. The yield is exceptionally large and the quality unsurpassed. A number of farmers have dug 110 barrels from each barrel planted. The congestion on the wharves of the Baltimore steamers is somewhat less, but the condition remains unsatisfactory. Only a few of the wharves have been entirely cleared of produce. Among the large receipts this season, William T. Westcott, of Savage's Neck, near Cherry stone, reports \$9,374 from 14 acres of cabbage, and E. H. Belata, of Hancock, received \$2,000 from 4 acres in onions.

BIRTHDAY SURPRISE

Mr. Joseph C. Jolls and children were delighted on Wednesday evening over the surprise they had arranged for Mrs. Jolls. It was one of those occasions when it was really a surprise, and the occasion was a most pleasant affair. The surprise was given in honor of Mrs. Jolls' birthday and many of her friends were present, and joined in the games and music and other amusements.

Among those present were: Mrs. Mary Roberts, Mrs. Victoria Wise, Mrs. Louisa Wise, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Meredith, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hobbs, Mr. Arthur Wise, of New Castle; Mrs. N. P. Crouch, Mrs. William Carey, Mrs. John Carey, Arthur Wise, Carl Wise, and Miss Dorothy Roberts, of Wilmington; Mrs. John H. Scott, of Claymont; Mrs. Annie Wise, Miss Florence Wise, of West Chester, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Cox, Miss Anna Cox, Miss Louise Cox, Mrs. Sallie Kumpel, Mrs. David Allen, Mrs. P. L. McWhorter, Mrs. Louisa McColgan, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore V. Leonard, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schuman, Mrs. John A. Jolls, Mr. and Mrs. Horace C. Moore, Mrs. George Foraker, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Jolls, Miss Kathryn VanSant, Misses Beale Foraker, Anna Denny, Lottie Jolls, Elsie Byron, Hannah Kirk, Marian Vinard, Beale Denny, Elwood Denny, John J. Jolls, Ephraim Jolls, Roy Jolls, Albert Jolls, Clinton Jolls, Albert Schuman, Parker Schuman and Miss Mary O'Day, of Seaford.

At a late hour refreshments were served, after which the guests departed for their homes, after wishing Mrs. Jolls many more happy birthdays.

OBITUARY

MISS AMELIA STREETS
After an illness of several weeks, Miss Amelia Streets died at the home of Mr. Leslie Schreitz on Crawford street, Tuesday afternoon, July 30th, aged 83 years. Miss Amelia was one of the best known ladies here, having spent her entire life in Middletown, and her friends were many.

For a number of years she carried on a dressmaking establishment on Main street opposite the Middletown Hotel, and more than forty young ladies learned dressmaking under her instructions, all of whom married and relinquished the trade except two, about twelve years ago she gave up the establishment.

Miss Amelia was identified with St. Anne's P. E. Church, this town, all her life. She was buried Thursday afternoon in the same grave with her twin sister, Catherine, under the old oak in St. Anne's Cemetery, the service being held at the residence of L. F. Schreitz and conducted by Rev. A. E. Clay at two o'clock. The pall bearers were: Joseph Biggs, W. A. Conners, W. R. Cochran, T. E. Hurn, George W. Ingram and J. Moody Rothwell.

AFTER POWDER COMPAINES
The Government Tuesday filed in the United States Circuit Court at Wilmington, a petition against E. I. duPont de Nemours & Company, the E. I. duPont de Nemours Powder Company (of New Jersey), and twenty-four other corporations and seventeen individuals connected with the twenty-six corporations which are made defendants in the petition. The petition relates that all of the defendants are engaged in gun powder and other high explosives and are violating the act of July 2, 1890, commonly known as the Sherman Anti-Trust Act. It seeks to prevent the unlawful existing agreements, contracts, combination and conspiracies in restraint of such trade, commerce, to prevent and restrain the attempts on the part of the defendants to monopolize such trade and commerce, and to dissolve the existing monopolies therein. A receiver may be appointed but no attempt is made, will be made to take the plants, even temporarily as the Government is in need of powder and the plants are inadequate to supply the demand.

WARWICK

The Misses Marsh have returned from Philadelphia.

Miss Mary Hendricks, of New York, is visiting in town.

W. J. B. Lofland was in Wilmington, Del., on Saturday.

Miss Anna Davies was a brief visitor in town on Saturday.

Mrs. John Lattimore visited her sister near Sasfras this week.

Prof. Guy Johnson, of Elkton, visited Warwick friends this week.

Miss Mary Lynch, of Elkton, is visiting Mrs. Wilson Merritt.

Rev. Casper Clough spent Wednesday with the Rev. C. M. Cullom.

Mr. McCubbin, of Baltimore, visited Miss Mamie Cullom last week.

C. L. Skinner, of Baltimore, was in town on Wednesday of this week.

Mrs. Mary A. Lofland is convalescing, after a week's confinement to her room.

Mrs. John Holden has returned home after an extended visit through Pennsylvania.

Mr. D. W. Wilson, of Wilmington, was an over Sunday visitor with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. M. Garner were Wilmington visitors during the past week.

Mrs. Lydia Coverdale is sojourning at Smyrna, Del., the guest of her son.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Merritt were Wilmington and Philadelphia visitors this week.

Mr. C. R. Manlove and daughters, Helen and Gladys, spent Sunday with Mrs. Mary A. Lofland.

There will be preaching at the M. P. Church to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock, Rev. C. M. Cullom pastor.

Senior Christian Endeavor prayer meeting Sunday evening at 7:15 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

Mr. Wilson returned to his home in Washington, D. C., after a week's visit at the parsonage.

Misses Mamie L. Merritt and Clara K. Duryea are visiting friends at Kennett Square, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. DeVine are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. John Cunningham, of the Quaker City.

Messrs. T. Bayard Vinard and Amos R. Merritt were Sunday visitors at Harrington, Del.

Joe Lee, the notorious negro who created such a disturbance on our streets one day last week, is still at large, although every effort is being exhausted to his capture.

PERSONALITIES

Miss Ada Scott is visiting Montchanin friends.

Mr. R. B. Jones spent Sunday with New York friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Parker and son Alden are at Rehoboth.

Mr. Reese Darlington has accepted a position in Wilmington.

Mr. James Adkins, of Holmesburg, Pa., spent Sunday at his home here.

Mr. Thomas McWhorter is spending several weeks at Ocean View, Va.

Miss Virginia Jones, of Hanover, Pa., is visiting her mother, Mrs. H. M. Jones.

Miss Elsie R. Jones spent Saturday with her sister, Mrs. A. K. Hopkins, in Wilmington.

Miss Maude Deakne has returned from a visit to Miss Josephine Salmons, at Summit Bridge.

Miss Nellie Cardwell, of Upland, Pa., was the guest of Miss Lulu Vinard several days this week.

Mrs. John Wadsworth, of Paola, Pa., spent Sunday with Mrs. William Dukes on East Main street.

Miss Lillian Solway and Mr. Charles Orth, of Wilmington, were guests of Miss Elizabeth Holten, Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Wilson, daughter, Miss Mollie and son, George F. Wilson are spending this month at Rehoboth.

Mrs. Charles N. Dickerson, of Camden, N. J., is spending sometime with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Webb.

Miss Carrie Roe, of Massy, Md., and Misses Elizabeth and Julia Ross, of Smyrna, are guests of Mrs. James Redgrave, on West Main street.

Messrs. Charles Talbot, of Chicago, Ill., and Grover Talbot, of North Carolina, formerly residents of Middletown, called on their numerous friends here Tuesday.

Mrs. William P. Schaefer, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Echenhofer, and making a tour of the Eastern States, has returned to her home in Louisville, Ky.

ODESSA

Miss Ethel L. Mailley is visiting friends at Argyle, Pa.

Miss Ella Berry is visiting her sister in Kenedyville, Md.

Miss Lola Harris is spending sometime with friends at Townsend.

Mrs. George W. Rhodes is spending sometime at Atlantic City.

George Rose, of Wilmington, is spending this week with his many friends here.

George Gibson, of Wilmington, visited his parents, Mr. J. L. Gibson and wife, on Sunday last.

Rev. and Mrs. D. J. Givan and son Kenneth spent a few days of last week in Philadelphia.

Miss Mary McClellan, of Chester, is spending sometime with her mother, Mrs. Emma McClellan.

Master Randolph Knotts, of Philadelphia, is spending sometime with his friend, Master Walter Weist.

Miss Gertrude Walker, of Philadelphia, is spending sometime at the home of Mr. L. Walker, near town.

Miss Naomi Morgan has returned to her home here after a very pleasant visit with friends in Chester, Pa.

Miss Helen G. Townsend left last week for Wilmington, where she will spend sometime with relatives.

Irvin Dubbs, of Wilmington, spent Sunday and Monday last at the home of Theodore Long and wife.

Mrs. John Stewart, of Chester, Pa., spent a few days of last week with her mother, Mrs. A. Stevens.

Miss Katherine Krom, of Philadelphia, is spending sometime here, guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Heldmyer.

William E. Skellinger, of Wilmington, spent Sunday last at the home of William H. Eccles and family.

Miss Edith Murry, of Hummelton, Pa., is spending sometime at the home of the Misses Gray, near town.

Mrs. Earl C. Baum, of Delaware City, is visiting at the home of her brother, Joseph M. Armstrong and wife.

Rev. Charles K. Gibson has returned to his home at Hyde, Pa., after spending his vacation with his parents here.

Miss Blanche Smith, of Trenton, N. J., is being entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Watkins this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gremminger, of Chester, are visiting at the home of Frederick Knotts and family, near town.

Dr. Adam G. Gross and Charles F. Knotts, of Philadelphia, are spending sometime at the home of the Messrs. Weist.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gremminger and children, of Chester, Pa., are spending this week at the home of William Phillips and family.

Miss Lida Rose has returned to her home in Philadelphia, after spending sometime here, guest of her sister, Mrs. O. C. Stevens.

Mrs. John Thomley and daughter, Misses Minnie and Lottie, of Somerset, Pa., are being entertained this week by Mrs. I. G. Webb.

Mrs. Margaret Ginn, Miss Mildred Ginn, and Mrs. J. Wiggins, of Townsend, spent Sunday last at the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. G. Webb.

Misses Daisy Hamis, Minnie Hahn Henrichetta L. Crothers and Laura J. Knotts, of Philadelphia, Pa., are spending this week at the Stidham House.

St. Paul's M. E. Sunday School will run its annual excursion to Brandywine Springs, on Wednesday, August 21st, particulars will be given in a later issue.

Cure Blood, Skin, Disease, etc. Sufferers from Blood Purify Free

If your blood is impure, thin, diseased, hot or full of humor, if you have blood poison, cancer, carbuncles, itching sores, scrofula, eczema, itching, rashes and bumps, scabby, pimply skin, bone pains, catarrh, rheumatism or any blood or skin disease, take Eosin Blood Balm (B. B. B.). Soon all sores heal, aches and pains stop and the blood is made pure and rich. Druggists or by express \$1 per large bottle. Sample free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. B. B. B. is especially advised for chronic, deep-seated cases, as it cures after all else fails.

CECILTON

Miss Lillie Short is spending sometime with relatives in Greensboro.

Test meetings are being held on the M. E. Church grounds this week.

Mr. Frank Waits, of Townsend, is visiting relatives here.

Miss Myra Dawson is visiting relatives and friends in Camden.

Miss Edna Stephens is entertaining her friend from Philadelphia.

Mrs. W. F. Dawson is spending sometime with relatives in New York.

Miss Helen Dunlap, of Wilmington, is visiting Miss Bertha Bailey, near town.

Miss Nellie Cleveland, of Chestertown, has returned home after a week's visit with Miss Mary Blackway.

Miss Elizabeth Curran, of Philadelphia, is spending sometime with Miss Olive Millikan.

Miss Janie Smith is spending sometime with her sister, Mrs. Joseph Atwell, near Chestertown.

Miss Sandale, of Baltimore, has been visiting Misses Marion and Mary Clark, near town.

Capt. William Riggs and wife, of Baltimore, were entertained on Friday by Mrs. J. P. McCoy, Sr.

Mr. J. R. Smith, wife and children, of Wilmington, spent last Saturday and Sunday with their parents here.

Misses Annie and Mollie Richards were entertained on Sunday by Mrs. William Alderson.

Mrs. W. Garry and daughter, of Chesterville, spent one day last week with her parents here.

Mr. Boulden, of Chesapeake City, is visiting his brother, Mr. Henry Boulden, near town.

Mrs. Charles Griffith and daughter, Frances, spent several days last week in Baltimore.

Mr. Albert Sands and son, of Philadelphia, have returned home after spending two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Frank Revelle.

Miss Blanche Brown is spending several days with her aunt, Mrs. W. Woolfeigh, in Warwick.

The Sunday School of Zion M. E. Church, Cecilton, will have their excursion to Tolchester Beach on Wednesday, August 7th, on the steamer "Kitty Knight." Will leave Fredericktown at 7 A. M., come and go with us.

ST. GEORGES

Frank Hill was in Chesapeake on Sunday.

Miss Marian Price is visiting friends here.

The Boys Club of Nicetown are in camp here for ten days.

Miss Nellie Hollis is visiting Joseph Crossland and wife.

Herbert Hopkins spent Tuesday with his family here.

Mrs. J. R. Milligan was in Wilmington part of last week.

Mrs. M. Gray entertained her son Samuel Gray and wife, of Seaford.

Mrs. Nellie Wright, of Philadelphia, is visiting Charles Wright and family.

Victor Smith has accepted a position on the Steamer Lord Baltimore.

Joseph Gaff, at Bear, spent part of this week with his aunt, Mrs. H. C. Gray.

Mrs. Alice Buckson has returned after an extended visit with relatives in Stanton.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crossland are spending sometime with relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Laws, of Porters, spent one day this week with her sister, Mrs. James Roberts.

Miss Blanche DuBois, of Baltimore, is the guest of her cousin, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Davidson.

Harry Brown, of Wilmington, spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Jones.

Miss Anna McGrath, of New Castle, spent a week with Mr. and Mrs. James Gan.

Miss Edith Gibbons spent part of last week with her parents, S. O. Gibbons and wife.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Rommel is spending sometime with her grandparents, in Wilmington.

Miss Annie Longstreet, of Philadelphia, spent part of this week with James Roberts and family.

Dr. Quicksell and wife have returned to their home in Philadelphia, after spending several weeks here.

Miss Lida Jones spent part of last week with her daughter, Mrs. Lee Davidson, of Corbita Station.

William Ellison, wife and daughter Helen, of Stanton, visited H. V. Buckson and family, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gam entertained Mrs. Emerson and Miss Reta Emerson from Saturday until Monday.

Mrs. G. T. Smith returned to her home in Camden, N. J., after a week's visit with Walter Smith and family.

Miss Marion Hill returned on Tuesday, after spending three weeks with friends in Wilmington.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones, of Port Penn, have been the guests of Rev. C. H. Jones and family, at the M. E. Parsonage.

Rev. C. H. Jones, family and guests were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Albert Davidson and family on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Rommel, of Wilmington, visited their son, Carlos Rommel and family, on Sunday, who are guests at the manse.

Mrs. Ella Pierson and two children have returned to their home in Chester, after spending ten days with W. K. Price and family.

Mrs. Harry Brown and two daughters returned to their home in Wilmington, after a ten days' visit with Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Jones.

Mrs. Walter Smith and daughter Lillian Smith, of Philadelphia, visited Mrs. G. F. Smith and daughter Irma, Thomas and Bayard Heiry spent Thursday in Port Penn.

Mrs. Emerson, of Wilmington addressed the congregation of the Presbyterian Church on Sunday evening, and her daughter, Miss Reta, assisted with the services of the M. E. Church the same evening.

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell without reserve on the farm on which he now resides, one mile from Cecilton, on the road from Cecilton to Earleville, Md.

On Wednesday, Aug. 14th, 1907, At 10 o'clock, A. M., The following Personal Property, to-wit:

39 Horses and Colts
No. 1—Helen, dark brown mare, 16 years old, has been one of the best drivers in this district, has had me eight colts, and is now in foal to a stallion.

No. 2—Bessie, dark brown mare, 12 years old. This is a sound, straight and a splendidly bred mare, has had six fine colts, one by her side now, and is again in foal.

No. 3—Bob, bay horse, 12 years old, first-class all around horse, guarantee him anywhere, either to work or drive.

No. 4—Polly, dark bay mare, 14 years old, the best farm horse I ever owned, a Percheron, about 1100 lbs., could not say too much about this mare, guaranteed in every respect.

No. 5—Easter, dark bay horse, 4 years old. Helen's colt, sire Myrleton, will weigh close to 1100 lbs., 15 hands high, sound and all right in every respect. I guarantee him to do anything you would call on him to do, is a grand family horse.

No. 6—Jim, bay horse, 4 years old, 15 hands high, will weigh about 900 lbs., well bred, mother one of the best horses I ever owned, sire Sir Cypress. He is tough as iron, a good driver and worker.

No. 7—Helen's colt, sire Mr. Chas. Massey's Adversity, 15 hands high, this mare is made for the road, sold a brother to her last November right out of the fall work for \$200.

No. 8—Togo, dark brown horse, 2 yrs. old, Bessie's colt, sire Turlin, he is 15 hands high, a big colt. I am keeping for my own use a brother to him for which I would not take less than \$200.

No. 9—Alice L., grey colt, 1 year old, Bessie's colt, sire Bell Rocker, a fine colt for her age.

30 HEAD OF Good Cattle
GRADED GUERNSEYS

Twenty Milch Cows, 9 Heifers, 1 two-year-old Thoroughbred Guernsey Bull, 1 yearling bull, all are graded stock. I have been 23 years picking my herd of cattle. Have raised every one of them and saved only the best. There will be seven or eight of these cows fresh by the day of sale. Seventeen of these cows from May 1906 to May 1907 have paid me very nearly \$1000 without their calves. The other three are heifers, fresh since May last. Dairy men looking for cows will do well to see these.

HOGS:
7 Brood Sows, with pigs by their side. These sows are Poland China stock, well bred and beautiful.

Farming Implements, Etc.
Consisting of 1 Deering binder, in good condition; 1 Osborne mower, good as new; 1 Osborne hay rake, also good as new; 1 hay tedder, 1 Empire 11-horse drill, sowed only 150 acres; 1 U. S. cornplanter, with 50 rods of wire; 2 Disc harrows, 2 Spring-tooth moly cultivators, hand cultivators, 1 Harrow-tooth hand truck cultivator, 2 60-tooth harrows, 1 50-tooth harrow, 1 Hayland roller, good as new; 3 3-horse Ohio-chilled plows, 1 2-horse Oliver plow, 1 1-horse Southland plow; 3 3-horse trees, 4 2-horse trees, 12 single trees, 1 Baltimore fan, only used two seasons; 1 Hayland corn sheller, 1 grass seeders, 1 hay fork, 1 corn grinder, 1 30-foot sectional ladder, 1 spray barrel, with hose, and nozzles; 3 farm wagons, in good order; 2 horse-drawn mowers, 1 covered spring wagon, will carry one ton; 1 deer-horn, running gear new; 1 top buggy, 1 family surveyor, and 1 whole-circle carriage.

HARNESS: set double-carriage harness, 1 set single carriage harness, 3 sets wagon harness, 7 sets chain harness, 12 sets plow harness,